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Extend to the whole of Sunday the present Restrictions on the Sale of Beer and other fermented and distilled Liquors in Ireland.

A.D. 1873.

WHEREAS it will be attended with great public benefit to extend to the whole of Sunday the present restrictions on the sale of beer and other fermented or distilled liquors in Ireland.

Be it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows :

1. It shall not be lawful for any licensed victualler or person licensed to sell beer by retail to be drunk on the premises, or not to be drunk on the premises, or any person licensed or authorised to sell fermented or distilled liquors, or any person who, by reason of any right or privilege, shall claim to be entitled to sell wine by retail in any part of Ireland, to open or keep open his house for the sale of or to sell beer, wine, spirits, or any other fermented or distilled liquors on Sunday, except to a traveller or to a lodger therein, nor to allow any person to remain on the premises for the purpose of drinking beer, wine, spirits, or any other fermented or distilled liquor on Sunday, except a traveller or a lodger therein.

No person licensed to sell liquors to be drunk on the premises, or not, to keep open his house for the sale of liquors on Sundays, &c.

2. No person shall open any house or place of public resort for the sale of fermented or distilled liquors, or sell therein such liquors, in any part of Ireland on Sunday, except to travellers, nor allow any person to remain on the premises for the purpose of drinking beer, wine, spirits, or any other fermented or distilled liquor on Sunday, except a traveller.

Houses of public resort not to be opened for sale of liquors on Sunday, or for allowing persons to remain on the premises, travellers excepted.

3. If during any period during which any premises are required as provided by this Act to be closed, any person is allowed to enter or remain on such premises, such premises shall be deemed not to have been closed as required by this Act, unless the defendant in

Houses of public resort deemed open if persons on premises, unless proof to contrary.

[Bill 53.]

A.D. 1873. any proceeding for a penalty satisfies the court that such person was not on the premises in contravention of this Act.

Person not a
traveller
unless five
miles from
residence.

4. For the purposes of the provisions of this Act which relate to travellers, a person shall not be deemed to be a traveller unless he is at least five miles from the place of his residence for the time being.

Power to
constable to
enter houses.

5. It shall be lawful for any constable at any time to enter into any house or place of public resort in Ireland for the sale of beer, wine, spirits, or other fermented or distilled liquor or liquors, and every person who shall refuse to admit or shall not admit such constable into such house or place shall be esteemed guilty of an offence against this Act.

Penalty for
offences
against the
foregoing
sections of
this Act.

6. Every person who shall offend against the foregoing sections of this Act shall be liable, upon a summary conviction for the same before any justice of the peace for the county, riding, division, liberty, city, borough, or place where the offence shall be committed, in a penalty not exceeding *ten pounds* for every such offence; and every separate sale, opening, or allowing to remain on the premises shall be deemed a separate offence.

Penalties for
purchasing
or seeking to
purchase
intoxicating
liquors, or
for being on
the premises.

7. If during any period during which any premises are required under the provisions of this Act to be closed any person to whom intoxicating liquor cannot lawfully be sold during such period buys or obtains, or attempts to buy or obtain, at such premises any intoxicating liquor, such person shall be liable to a police penalty not exceeding *two pounds*.

If during the said period any person is found on such premises, he shall, unless he satisfies the court that he was an inmate, servant, or lodger in such premises, or a traveller, or that otherwise his presence on such premises was not in contravention of the provisions of this Act, be liable to a police penalty not exceeding *two pounds*.

Any constable may demand the name and address of any person found on any premises during the period during which they are required by the said provisions of this Act to be closed, and, if he has reasonable ground to suppose that the name or address given is false, may require evidence of the correctness of such name and address, and may, if such person fail upon such demand to give his name or address, or such evidence, apprehend him without warrant and carry him before a justice of the peace.

Penalties for
attempts at
evasion.

Any person required by a constable under this section to give his name and address who fails to give the same, or gives a false name or address, or gives false evidence of the correctness of such name

and address, shall be liable to a police penalty not exceeding *five* A.D. 1875
pounds.

Every person who by falsely representing himself to be a traveller
or a lodger buys or obtains or attempts to buy or obtain at any
5 premises any intoxicating liquor during the period during which
such premises are required to be closed in pursuance of this Act
shall be liable to a police penalty not exceeding *five pounds.*

8. This Act shall extend to that part of the United Kingdom Extension
of the Act.
called Ireland only.

**Sale of Liquors on
Sunday (Ireland).**

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To extend to the whole of Sunday the
present Restrictions on the Sale of
Beer and other fermented and distilled
Liquors in Ireland.

*(Prepared and brought in by
Sir Thomas Costigan, Mr. Pinn,
Parment Crookson, Mr. McChes,
Mr. William Johnston, Lord Clarendon, and Mr. Dwyer.)*

*Introduced by the House of Commons, on the 17th,
13 February 1871.*

[Bill 52.]

Under 1 oz.